

54. We use the result of problem 48: $R = t/[C \ln(V_0/V)]$. Then, for $t_{\min} = 10.0 \mu s$

$$R_{\min} = \frac{10.0 \mu s}{(0.220 \mu F) \ln(5.00/0.800)} = 24.8 \Omega.$$

For $t_{\max} = 6.00 \text{ ms}$,

$$R_{\max} = \left(\frac{6.00 \text{ ms}}{10.0 \mu s} \right) (24.8 \Omega) = 1.49 \times 10^4 \Omega ,$$

where in the last equation we used $\tau = RC$.