

71. Information relevant to this calculation can be found in Appendix C. We apply angular momentum conservation using Table 11-2(f):

$$I_i \omega_i = I_f \omega_f \implies \frac{\omega_i}{\omega_f} = \frac{I_f}{I_i} = \frac{\frac{2}{5} M R_f^2}{\frac{2}{5} M R_i^2}$$

and we note that  $\omega = 2\pi/T$  in rad/min if  $T$  is the period in minutes. Plugging this into to our expression above (and simplifying) yields

$$\frac{T_f}{T_i} = \left( \frac{R_f}{R_i} \right)^2 .$$

Substituting  $T_i = 25(24)(60) = 36000$  min,  $R_f = 6.37 \times 10^6$  m and  $R_i = 6.96 \times 10^8$  m into this relation, we obtain  $T_f = 3.0$  min.