

34. We use Ampere's law:  $\oint \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} = \mu_0 i$ , where the integral is around a closed loop and  $i$  is the net current through the loop. For path 1, the result is

$$\begin{aligned}\oint_1 \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} &= \mu_0(-5.0 \text{ A} + 3.0 \text{ A}) = (-2.0 \text{ A})(4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T}\cdot\text{m/A}) \\ &= -2.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{ T}\cdot\text{m} .\end{aligned}$$

For path 2, we find

$$\begin{aligned}\oint_2 \vec{B} \cdot d\vec{s} &= \mu_0(-5.0 \text{ A} - 5.0 \text{ A} - 3.0 \text{ A}) = (-13.0 \text{ A})(4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T}\cdot\text{m/A}) \\ &= -1.6 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}\cdot\text{m} .\end{aligned}$$