

41. We reduce the stock amount to British teaspoons:

$$\begin{aligned} 1 \text{ breakfastcup} &= 2 \times 8 \times 2 \times 2 = 64 \text{ teaspoons} \\ 1 \text{ teacup} &= 8 \times 2 \times 2 = 32 \text{ teaspoons} \\ 6 \text{ tablespoons} &= 6 \times 2 \times 2 = 24 \text{ teaspoons} \\ 1 \text{ dessertspoon} &= 2 \text{ teaspoons} \end{aligned}$$

which totals to 122 teaspoons – which corresponds (since liquid measure is being used) to 122 U.S. teaspoons. Since each U.S. cup is 48 teaspoons, then upon dividing  $122/48 \approx 2.54$ , we find this amount corresponds to two-and-a-half U.S. cups plus a remainder of precisely 2 teaspoons. For the nettle tops, one-half quart is still one-half quart. For the rice, one British tablespoon is 4 British teaspoons which (since dry-goods measure is being used) corresponds to 2 U.S. teaspoons. Finally, a British saltspoon is  $\frac{1}{2}$  British teaspoon which corresponds (since dry-goods measure is again being used) to 1 U.S. teaspoon.