

57. The rate of heat flow is given by

$$P_{\text{cond}} = kA \frac{T_H - T_C}{L} ,$$

where  $k$  is the thermal conductivity of copper ( $401 \text{ W/m}\cdot\text{K}$ ),  $A$  is the cross-sectional area (in a plane perpendicular to the flow),  $L$  is the distance along the direction of flow between the points where the temperature is  $T_H$  and  $T_C$ . Thus,

$$P_{\text{cond}} = \frac{(401 \text{ W/m}\cdot\text{K})(90.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m}^2)(125^\circ\text{C} - 10.0^\circ\text{C})}{0.250 \text{ m}} = 1.66 \times 10^3 \text{ J/s} .$$

The thermal conductivity is found in Table 19-6 of the text. Recall that a change in Kelvin temperature is numerically equivalent to a change on the Celsius scale.